Orthopedic Surgeon

ACL HAMSTRING RECONSTRUCTION (Rehabilitative Guidelines)

Revised January 2003

<u>Post-op Days 1 - 14</u>

No HS Ex Dressing - POD 1: Debulk dressing, TED Hose in place

- POD 2: Change dressing, keep wound covered, continue TED

Hose

- POD 7-10: Sutures out, D/C TED Hose when effusion resolved

Brace - locked in extension for ambulation

- open to available range when pt has good quad control (no extensor

lag

Crutches – PWB in brace (D/C at 8 weeks if gait is WNL)

Patellar mobilization (teach patient)

Calf pumping

PEAF (passive extension-active flexion), heel slides, 0-90 degrees

AAROM 0-90 degrees

Stationary bike for ROM - complete cycle as able

Passive extension with heel on bolster or prone hangs

Electrical stimulation in full extension with quad sets and SLR

Quad sets, Co-contractions quads/hams

SLR x 4 (parallel bars if poor quad control)

Total Gym to start closed chain activity

- Mini squats (level 3-5) No flexion > 45 degrees
- Passive flexion to tolerance (push up with opposite leg)

Leg press with light resistance

Double leg heel raises

Ice Pack with knee in full extension after exercise

Goals

Full passive extension Flexion to 90 degrees Good quad control

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Weeks 2 - 4

Brace – open to available range when positive quad control
Crutches – PWB
Continue appropriate previous exercises
Scar massage when incision healed
PROM, AAROM, AROM as tolerated
SLR x 4 on mat – add light ankle weights (above knee) if quad control is
Maintained (NOTE: use light or no weight with ADD)
Total Gym – progress levels of mini-squats as tolerated
Hamstring curls – closed chain (carpet drags, rolling stool)
Stretches – HS, AT, Hip Flexors, ITB
Stationary bike

Goals

ROM 0-110 degrees No effusion

Weeks 4 - 6

Brace – open to available range, D/C at 8 weeks
Crutches – WBAT in brace, D/C when gait is WNL
Continue appropriate previous exercises
Partial wall squats – No knee flexion past 45 degrees
Mini squats, weight shifts – in parallel bars
Leg press with resistance no more than ½ body weight
HS curls – may begin open chain with light resistance
Forward, lateral, and retro step downs in parallel bars
– No knee flexion past 45 degrees
Single leg heel raises
Proprioceptive training – single leg standing in parallel bars

Progress to single leg BAPS, ball toss, and body blade Standing SLR x 4 with Theraband bilaterally Stationary bike for progressive resistance and time Treadmill – backwards and forwards walking Elliptical trainer

Pool – walking and jogging (no kicking)

Goals – Full ROM, Normal Gait

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Weeks 6 - 9

Continue appropriate previous exercises

Treadmill – forward walking, approaching 15 min/mile pace

Stationary bike – 15-20 minutes at a time, at least 70 rpm,

emphasis on endurance and affected leg

Goals

Full ROM if not already achieved Walk 2 miles at 15 min/mile pace

Weeks 9 - 12

Continue appropriate previous exercises with progressive resistance Functional activities – Fitter, slide board, figure 8s, gentle loops, large zigzags
Treadmill – continue walking program
Begin gym program

Goal - Walk 3 miles at 15 min/mile pace

Months 3 - 4

Continue appropriate previous exercises
Agility drills / Plyometrics
May begin incorporating open chain strengthening as tolerated
Pool therapy – begin swimming laps
Sports brace to 10 months

Goal - Run 2 miles at normal pace

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<u>Months 4 - 6</u>

Home/gym program
Treadmill- begin running progression
Continue strengthening, stretching, proprioceptive training,
and running/agility programs
Sit-up progression
Quad stretches
Functional test at 6 months to clear for sports and discharge
– Must have 90% of opposite leg

Goals

Return to all activities
Pass APFT at 6 months post-op

No contact sports until 6 months post-op

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 - 7. Shelbourne KD, Nitz P: Accelerated Rehabilitation after Anterior Cruciate Ligament Reconstruction. Am J of Sports Med, Vol. 18, No. 3, 1990.